

Educational

Support to

Children of

Underserved

Populations (ESCUP)

SEPTEMBER 2006





Integrated Pest Management (IPM): Trainers Manual

For Core Group Members, School Directors, IPM Facilitators and Community Representatives



ESCUP partners include:

American Institutes for Research (AIR)

World Education, Inc.

Kampuchean Action for Primary Education (KAPE)

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INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT (IPM) ORIENTATION WORKSHOP FOR CORE GROUP MEMBERS AND SCHOOL DIRECTORS

	Session 1: Introduction, Objectives and Desired Outcomes				
Topic and overview 1.1 Introduction: This session introduces participants to each other, to overall session plan schedule, and sets some ground workshop.					
Time required:				10 Minutes	
	ggested	 Workshop schedule poster 			
ma	aterials:		1		
	Objective	Presentation	P	articipant Tasks	
0	Participants are arranged in a way that facilitates discussion and participation.	Group Arrangements O Before starting, the workshop facilitator should arrange the workshop place in the way that all participants can participate actively and ensure that participants can move easily. The facilitator can ask participants to sit in U-shape or in a circle using tables/chairs or sit on mats on the floor depending on the place.	0	Participants assist in arranging the place for workshop.	
0	Participants know each other which facilitates open discussion.	Introductions The facilitator begins the workshop with a warm welcome followed by an introduction of facilitator and participants. In case participants know each other, a detailed introduction is not necessary.	0	Each participant and facilitator introduces him or her self by telling name, title and other relevant details.	
0	Participants agree on rules of work and session plan schedule during the workshop	Workshop Rules O The facilitator reviews some of the rules of the workshop by discussing the following points: • Times of Start -End of the workshop? • Times for breaks • Speaking one at a time and listen to each other • Respect the agreed times • Financial details The results from the discussion should be written on a large paper and displayed on a wall in the workshop room as a reminder for the whole period of workshop.	0	Seek agreement and modifications to the rules for implementation during the workshop.	
0	Participants know the schedule which helps to prepare themselves for active	 Present the workshop schedule Distribute the schedule of the workshop and give enough time for participants to read and ask questions. Facilitator should adjust the schedule if necessary and reconfirm it with participants. 	0	Participants agree on the schedule.	

	participation.		
Topic and over- view		1.2 Objective and Desired outcomes of the works. This session introduces participants to the purpose objectives, and desired outcomes.	-
Ti	me required:		30 Minutes
•	ggested	 Poster : Objectives of the workshop 	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	aterials:	 Handout : Objectives of the workshop 	
	Objective	Presentation	Participant Tasks
0	Participants can explain the objectives of the workshop. Participants can state the desired outcomes.	 The facilitator tapes a poster on the board that summarizes objectives of the workshop. Explain to the participants about the purpose of the workshop, its objectives, and desired outcomes as displayed on the poster. Poster Objectives of the workshop Provide knowledge for workshop participants from all schools so that they are able to lead, and extend the IPM concept to school and community. Specific objective: After this workshop the participants are able to: Select two IPM resource persons for participation in training at provincial town and to conduct field training for students. Select students who will participate in IPM student field school. Identify the field for the student field school and get the agreement of the owner. Inform the parents and community as about IPM program. 	o Participants listen to the facilitator's review of the poster.
		 Set up an IPM school support group. The outcome of workshop Action plan for preparation of IPM student field school for each individual school. 	
0	To evaluate the participants' understanding.	 Facilitator asks questions to assess participants' understanding. For example: What is the specific objective of this workshop? What is the most important thing that this workshop should produce? 	o Participants answer questions raised by the facilitator.

participation.

	How long is the workshop?	
	o The facilitator distributes a handout with	
	objectives of the workshop to all participants.	
TD 4	Session 2: Description of the IPM program	
Topic and over-	2.1 What is IPM?	
view	This session introduces participants to the meaning	of IPM and other key
	terminology regularly used in IPM.	
Time required:		05 Minutes
Suggested	 Poster: IPM and definition of IPM key words 	
materials:	• Handout: What is IPM?	
Objective	Presentation	Participant Tasks
	Tresentation	T ditterpaint Tasks
 Participants 	o The facilitator writes down the word IPM on	 Participants
understand the	the board and starts the discussion by raising	answer the
definition of the	the question What is IPM ?	questions
word IPM.	o The facilitator writes down all the answers on	according to
	the board	their
	o Facilitator explains the meanings of IPM as	understanding.
	follows:	understanding.
	- IPM is a special way of farming	 Participants
	IPM is an agricultural approach for farmers to	listen to the
	learn how to grow healthy crops, increasing	facilitator
	their yields by using integrated methods (see	carefully.
	poster) to minimize the impact caused by	carciumy.
	insects and diseases on their crops.	
	o Facilitator presents the poster and explains that	
	in IPM farmers consider all different factors	
	effect to their crops. For farmers <i>IPM</i>	
	means Integrated Pest Management.	
	Plan	
	Environment Integration	
	Environment	
	IPM)	
	Biology Eco- Socio	
	Chemistry	
	- IPM is a way of learning	
	During IPM implementation, participants plant	
	the crops in the field and conduct regular	
	monitoring of its growth until harvesting.	
	Participants are divide into small groups	
	responsible for their own plots, thought the	
	process called AESA (Agro Ecosystem	
	Analysis), participants are able to analyze the	
	situations in the plots, particularly the presence,	
	numbers and different kinds of insects, and	
	make decisions about the management of their	
	influence. Experiments are also conducted to	
	influence. Experiments are also conducted to	

learn more about the ecology of crop field, stages of development of plants and the effects of insects, other pests, weeds and disease on the health of the crop. At harvest time, input costs and yields are calculated to enable participants to compare direct results from the different management techniques used in each small plot.

The emphasis in IPM is always on learning from what is really happening in the field, not from textbooks. Therefore it is usually described as "the field is the book". For teachers IPM is a new way of teaching and organizing learning. For them *IPM means "Improving Pedagogical Methods"*

IPM = Improving Pedagogical Methods IPM = Integrated Pest Management.

o Facilitator asks what kind of subjects children could learn from IPM? Collect all answers written by participants and place them on the board around the word IPM (as below).

Biology

Economic

IPM

Mathematic

Sociology

Language

- Facilitator conclude that the IPM field schools are very effective ways to learn and practice the new style of teaching that the MoEYS calls "child-center learning"
- Facilitator posts the poster on the board, which describes some key words regularly used in IPM and explains them.

- o Participants think of answers, write them down on A4 paper and give it to facilitator.
- Participants listen to the facilitator review the poster carefully and ask questions when necessary.

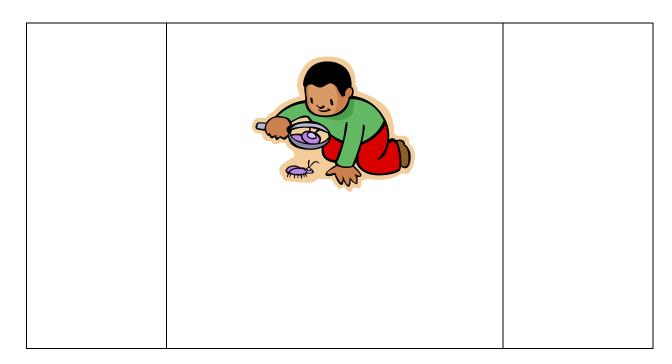
 Participants understand the definition of the key words regularly used in IPM.

	KEY WORDS IN IPM IPM field school A season long training (18 weeks for rice crops, 14 weeks for vegetable crops). IPM Student Field School an IPM field school run for about 30 students IPM Teacher Field School an IPM field school run for teachers(25-30) IPM Farmer Field School an IPM field school run for about 30 farmers O Facilitator distribute handout "what is IPM" to participants.	
Topic and over-view	2.2 Objective of inserting IPM in school curricular In this session, participants will learn about the objoint IPM and how this can be used as a learning activation.	ectives and principles vity for students.
Time required: Suggested	 Poster summarizes objectives, and principle of I 	30 Minutes PM
materials:	Handout Objective of IPM	
Objective	Presentation	Participant Tasks
o The participants understand the objectives of IPM in school.	 IPM objective The facilitator tapes a poster to the board that summarizes the objectives of IPM program. 	 Participants listen to the facilitator review the poster carefully.
	Poster IPM objectives 1. To transfer the appropriate farming techniques (ecological friendly way) to students and emphasize on an education process in which students are introduced to learn directly from their own observations. (CFS dimension #2) 2. To make education more relevance to the daily life of children by providing life skills and stimulation of critical and analytical thinking (CFS dimension #2). 3. To improve and strengthen relationships between school and community. (CFS dimension #5).	

- o The facilitator explains that:
 - The IPM Student Field School is not just a way to transfer agricultural knowledge to students, it *uses a child-center learning* methodology "which is in line with the Child Friendly School approach promoted by Ministry for Education, Youth and Sport. In IPM, students are introduced to learn directly from their own observations and practice in the field and classroom.
 - Most Cambodian students come from farmers' families, especially in the rural areas. Therefore IPM is a very suitable life skill for students in rural schools. They can use those skills to assist their family and gain valuable agricultural experience that may help them make a living when they leave school.
 - The IPM school program provides good opportunities to *increase and strengthen* relationships between school and community.
 - 1. Community members are involved in their children's learning process by participating in the IPM teaching team.
 - 2. IPM Student Field School is managed by a local level IPM support group.
 - 3. Students will bring the knowledge and skills from the IPM course home to share with their parents.
 - 4. Student Field Schools promote the idea that schools are accountable to the community for the student learning outcomes of education activities. This is organized by inviting parents to attend the Field Day where they can see what their children have learned.

IPM Student Field School

- o Using the field as the book
- o Learning based on real practical experience
- o Study period for the whole season of the crop
- o The curriculum depends on the environmental situation and is adaptable to its specific needs.



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	3. Organizing an IPM Student Field School				
Topic and overview Time required	In this session participants will discuss about the in support group at school level and decide on compositive IPM support group.	nportance of an IPM sition and roles of 30 Minutes			
Suggested materials:	Handout: Composition and roles of IPM support gr Flipchart papers, markers and tape.	oup.			
Objective (1987)	Presentation	Participant Tasks			
o Participants discuss if a school support group is need and make the own decision set up an IPI support groutheir school not.	assist IPM facilitators and asks if the participants agree with this idea. If the group has come to an agreement, the facilitator asks participants to divide themselves into small groups (4 – 6 participants). The facilitator then hands out flipchart paper and markers to each group. The facilitator write the following questions on the board: "Who should be members of the IPM support group?" "What are their roles in the IPM implementation process? Ask a participant to read the questions out loud	 Participants discuss the idea of establishing a school support groups and what the benefits can be. Participants read out the questions to the group members. Participants discuss who could be suitable 			
o Participant	and ask the group to discuss the questions and record the results from discussions on flipchart	persons to			

determine the	paper for presentation in a plenary session.		support the IPM
composition	Possible answers are mentioned below:		implementation.
and roles of	1 ossible answers are mentioned below.		implementation.
	Composition of IPM support group		
IPM support	- School director		
groups.	- IPM facilitators		
	- Representative from SSC/parents		
	Roles of IPM support group		
	- Identify a suitable field and get permission		
	of owner to use it for SFS.		
	- Identify two IPM resources persons (IPM		
	school facilitators) who are interested in		
	teaching IPM to students.		
	- Identify 25 – 30 students based on		
	volunteerism (see next section for details)		
	- Disseminate information about the IPM		
	program to the community, and especially the		
	student's parents.		
	- Monitoring and evaluation of the IPM		
	implementation process		
	- Assist in arranging the Field Day for parents		
	The facilitator asks the groups to present their findings		D
	to come to an agreement on the composition and roles	0	Participants
	of the IPM support group.		make records of
			the discussions
	The facilitator closes this session with the distribution		and present the
	of the hand-out "composition and roles of IPM		results to the
	support group".		large group.

	opic and over- ew	3.2 Preparation for an IPM Student Field School: In this session participants will discuss about the site selection for field demonstrations, characteristics of IPM facilitators, students who will participate in IPM activities and how to disseminate the information about the IPM program to the community, especially parents.			
Ti	me required:			60 Minutes	
Suggested materials:		Handout: Preparation for an IPM Student Field Sch	ool		
	Objective	Presentation	I	Participant Tasks	
0	Participants understand the criteria for selection field for SFS.	 The facilitator explains that in order to implement an IPM Student Field School successfully the IPM support group should prepare some steps in advance. The facilitator asks participants what are those steps. After participants have identified the 4 steps, then the facilitator can ask participants to go in groups to discuss the questions per step. 	0	The participants think about those steps and give answers. Participants discuss the question in	

A. Identify a field for implementation of the Student Field School and a suitable study area near the field.

For IPM implementation, we need a field for students to practice the actual works.

- o Facilitator asks participants to divide in to small groups (4-6 each group) distribute the large paper and marker to all groups.
- Facilitator writes the question "What kind of field should we select for implementation of IPM SFS?" on board and ask participant to discuss in small group.
- Facilitator can assist the groups to discuss by giving some ideas such as distant from school to the field, easiness of borrowing the field from the owner, access to water sources.
- Facilitator made conclusion all the answers for using as the guideline for field selection of IPM student field school.

small group and record the out come from discussion for presentation.

 Small groups come back to the plenary session and make presentation the outcome from discussion.

Remarks

- ★ Land needed for implementing IPM student field school one place should be
 - 1000m² for IPM student field school implementing rice crops.
 - 100m² for IPM student field school implementing vegetable gardens
- **★** IPM support group in each school should make agreement with owners.
- * Study place for IPM can be use the classroom or under the tree it would be good if the study place not far from field.

Participants agree on the criteria for selection IPM facilitators.

B. Identify IPM facilitator

- Facilitator explain that we need two persons who can lead students implementation SFS.
 These persons will receive training at provincial town before they come to lead IPM student field school.
- Facilitator asks question what kind of person we should select for teaching IPM in our school.
- Facilitator then asks participants to split themselves into small groups again for discussion the question. Facilitator distributes the large papers and makers to each group for recording the outcome from discussion.
- o Facilitator can assist the groups to discuss by giving some points to consider such as he
- o Participants discuss the question in small group and record the out come from discussion for presentation
- o Small groups

- should interest in farming, willing to learn new things, like to work with children, good model for children.
- Facilitator made conclusion all the answers for using as the guideline for IPM facilitators selection.

come back to the plenary session and make presentation the outcome from discussion.

Remark

- * A among the 2 IPM resource facilitator one should select from teacher who is interested in agriculture activity or part time farmer and the other one should be the experienced farmer.
- **★** The selection of IPM resource persons must be agreed by among the IPM support group in those schools.

o Participants determine the student who should participate in IPM.

C. Selecting of students

- o Facilitator explain that for implementation an IPM SFS there are some physically demanding task to perform it is better to have at least some bigger children in the group. Therefore, each school should select only students from grade 5 or 6.
 - Number of students for one IPM student field school is around 30. Student can all from one class or mixed classes from the same school or from mix schools in the Cluster so long as they do not have to travel too far.
 - The class should be 50 % male and 50% female.
- o Facilitator gives some time for participant discuss their situation band feedback.

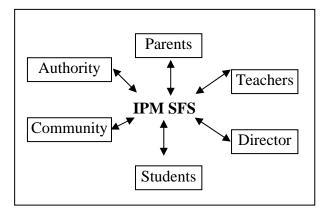
D. Meeting with parents and other

O Facilitator explains that for implementation an IPM SFS there are several people involve who are they? Then facilitator write the word IPM SFS on the board and ask participants to think who should involve or benefit from this program and write it down on A4 paper post it around the word IPM SFS.

- o Participant discuss their situation with other participants from the same school whether they have enough number of students from grade 5 and 6 or not.
- Making question to facilitator
- o Participants individually try to seek the answer write it on the 4 paper and post it around IPM SFS word.

- o Participants determine the persons who should involve in IPM.
- o Participants understand the importance of meeting with all people who involve in IPM.

Possible answers



Facilitator continues asking the question: Why those people involve in IPM SFS?
 Base on the result of the prior session facilitator drawing table on the board

Person	Reason of involvement in IPM SFS (2)
involved (1)	
Students	- Practicing their knowledge
	- Learning new skill
Teachers	- Involve in teaching
	-
Director	- Provide place
	- Support the training process
Parents	- Better future for their children
	- Encourage children to came to school
	regularly
	- Share their experiences with children
Community	- Transfer agriculture knowledge to
	children.
	- Involvement in school activities
Authority	- Understand concept of SFS and the
	benefits for the whole community.

o Facilitator can use a brainstorm session or group discussion to find the answers for filling up the second column.

After finish, this tasks facilitator than asks participants. Did all people we described above know about IPM already or not yet?
Expect answer is **NOT** than the facilitator explain that it is importance for all those involve in IPM SFS to have one meeting with IPM support group in order to inform them about IPM program and confirm their role and responsibility in IPM SFS and request them to fully involvement in this activity.

Note: It is importance for the parents to understand that school does not use their child labor in IPM Student Field School but promote learning by doing and the experience gained from the course will benefit for children life as well as the families.

o Participants
discuss with their
partners and
giving the
answer to
facilitator.

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Topic and over- view	3.3 Budget	0.0 1
VIEW	In this session participants will learn about the proc	
	disbursement and reconciliation which is needed fo	or operating an IPM
Time required.	SFS.	30 Minutes
Time required:	Postar of IPM avpansas	50 Milliutes
Suggested materials:	Poster of IPM expenses Handout IPM budget	
Objective	Presentation	Participant Tasks
		-
o Participants	o The facilitator explains that all schools which	o Participants listen
understand	already put IPM in their Cluster School	to the facilitator
clearly about	Improvement Plan and received approval are	review the poster
the process for fund	entitled to request budget for implementing	and ask clarifications
disbursement.	IPM. The facilitator will first discuss the	
D .	details of the costs of the activity, followed by an explanation of the procedures to request for	when necessary.
o Promote transparency in	the funds. The cost estimations and	
using cluster	disbursement procedures are displayed on	
budget.	posters, as follows:	
buaget.	posters, as ronows.	
	IPM EXPENSES:	
	★ Per diem for 2 IPM facilitators	 Participants raise
	2 persons x 2.5\$ x 18 days	questions
	(IPM for rice crops) or	1
	2 persons x 2.5\$ x 14 days	
	(IPM for vegetable crops)	
	★ Refreshments	
	30 students x 0.125 x 18 days	
	(IPM for rice crops) or	
	30 students x 0.125 x 14 days	
	(IPM for vegetable crops)	
	30 \$ for field day/parent visit	
	★ Training materials and stationary 200\$	
	(Normally purchased by ESCUP staff)	
	Total Request:	
	350 \$ IPM for rice crops	
	320 \$ IPM for vegetable crops	
	o Facilitator explains that if this budget is not	
	enough for operating an IPM SFS, schools	
	could request support from the community to	
	use their locally available resources,	
	especially for the visit of parents.	
	Con the hudget with drawing are seen ashed	
	o For the budget withdrawing process, school	
	directors whose school planned for IPM should request the IPM budget to the cluster	
	school director with a clear plan of IPM	
	implementation and total budget need for the	
	month. The money received is as advance the	
	monur. The money received is as advance the	

Topic and over-view	 IPM support group needs to reconcile later with present of the actual expense receipt. Facilitator gives enough time for participants to discuss and ask questions. Then distribute handout to all participants. 3.4 Planning In this session participants will develop an action p the IPM SFS. They list each activity into a Planning indicates when the activity takes place. 	g sheet, which
Time required: Suggested	Handout planning sheet	45 Minutes
materials:		
Objective	Presentation	Participant Tasks
Develop implementation plan for IPM at school level.	 The facilitator asks participants who come from the same school to form a group to prepare the action plan. After grouping, the facilitator explains that after this workshop schools are expected to be able to implement the IPM activity. To make the preparation and implementation successful, an action plan will be developed. The facilitator hands out the planning sheet to all groups, followed by an explanation on how to use the planning sheet. The facilitator asks if there are any questions or clarifications needed before starting the group work. During the exercise, the facilitator will support and assist the groups where necessary to ensure a successful completion of the individual school action plan for implementing IPM. The facilitator closes the workshop by thanking the participants for their involvement and time. The facilitator confirm that the IPM support group is responsible for making SFS start and wishes the schools success with the implementation of the IPM activity and explains who the schools can contact in case of problems. Note: The planning form should be made in two copies, one for school use and one for ESCUP. 	Participants prepare the action plan in small groups per school. The steps for implementation will be clearly described as well as who is responsible for the implementation of each activity